

Impacts of a Computer Mediated Reading Intervention on the Behavior of Students with Emotional and Behavioral Disorders

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Agenda

Understand Reading Challenges of Students with EBD

Describe Multi-Component Computer-Assisted Reading Intervention

Present the Study and Findings on Behavior and Reading Outcomes



Understand Reading Challenges of Students with EBD

Reading is Incredibly Important



- Critical Foundational Skill
- Key to Success AcrossContent Areas
- Predictor of EducationAchievement



Who Experiences Reading Difficulties?



33% of All Students

70% of Students with Disabilities

80% of Students with EBD

National Center for Special Education Research. (n.d.) Facts from the National Longitudinal Transition Study-2: School Behavior and Disciplinary Experiences of Youth with Disabilities.; Roberts, G. J., Cho, E., Garwood, J. D., Goble, G. H., Robertson, T., & Hodges, A. (2019). Reading interventions for students with reading and behavioral difficulties: A meta-analysis and evaluation of co-occurring difficulties. *Educational Psychology Review*, 32(1), 17–47.

 Reading and behavior deficits remain stable or increase over time

 Often refuse to engage in difficult activities or have experienced failure

More impulsive, uninvolved, and inattentive than peers



Billingsley, G. M., Thomas, C. N., & Webber, J. A. (2018). Effects of student choice of instructional method on the learning outcomes of students with comorbid learning and emotional/behavioral disabilities. *Learning Disability Quarterly*, 41(4), 213–226.

Why is Reading so Challenging to Teach?

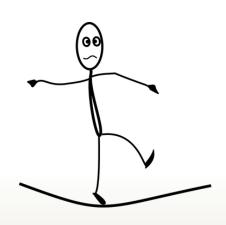




- Behavior Before Academics
- Average Only 30% of the Day on Academics
- Rarely Use Evidence-Based Interventions
- Multiple Grades, Skill Levels, and Subjects
- Un/Underprepared for Tier 2 & 3 Reading and Behavior Interventions



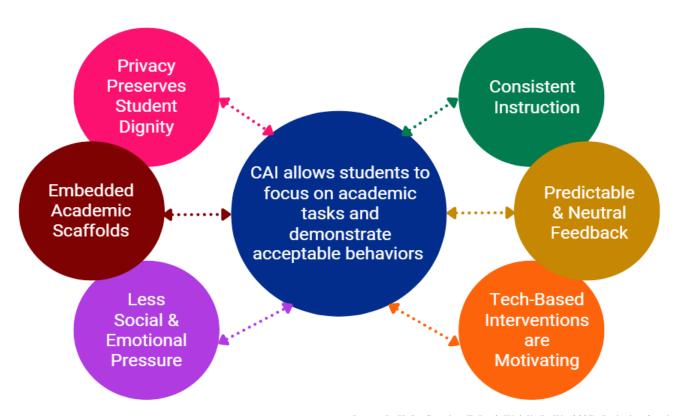
- Explicit, Systematic, and Predictable Instruction
- Guided Practice with Feedback
- Frequent Opportunities to Respond
- Small Group or Individualized Instruction



That is A Lot to Balance!



Computer Assisted Instruction is a Promising Option



Parette Jr, H. P., Crowley, E. P., & Wojcik, B. W. (2007). Reducing Overload in Students with Learning and Behavioral Disorders: The Role of Assistive Technology. *Teaching Exceptional Children Plus*, 4(1), n1.





Research Question

How does the behavior of students with EBD in an alternative educational setting vary during a dialogic teacher led group literacy lesson compared to a computer delivered literacy lesson?

Describe Multi-Component Computer-Assisted Reading Intervention



New Century – Noah Text® (NCNT) Description



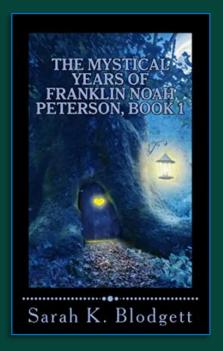
Computer-Delivered Supplemental Reading Intervention

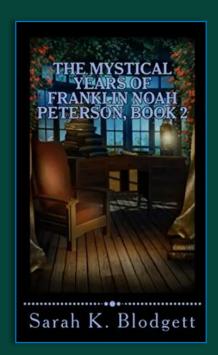
- Intensifies and condenses instruction of word reading, vocabulary, comprehension, and fluency
- Data-based program that provides assessment and progress reports
- Engaging novels with short chapters to motivate, sustain attention, and build stamina
- Embedded scaffolds: audio, video, highlighting, immediate feedback, and Noah Text®

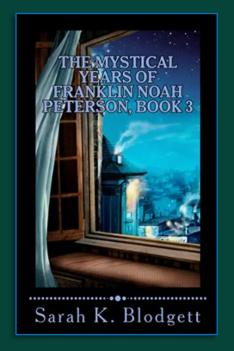


The Mystical Years of Franklin Noah Peterson By Sarah K. Blodgett

Written at 5th grade level







Noah Text® - Word Level Scaffold



Multisyllabic words alternate between regular and bold text Long vowels are underlined

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Make Reading Enjoyable and Fun
with Noah Text®!
Enhancing Reading Fluency, Stamina,
Confidence, and Overall Skill!
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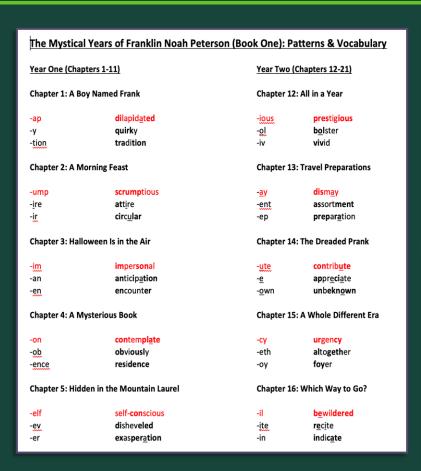
Many secondary struggling readers are unable to read multisyllabic words and to read fluently

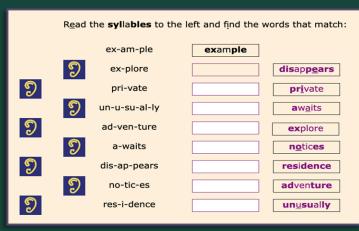
Word Identification

Letter Patterns
Showing Patterns in Other Words
Syllables and Blending
Spelling and Blending

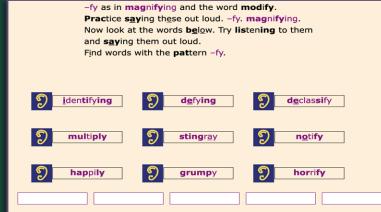
39 Letter Patterns & 195 Words with Patterns







Syllabication and Blending



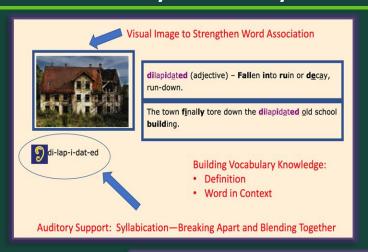
Word Patterns

Vocabulary

Definition Image of Word Audio of Key Words Using Key Words in Sentence Multiple Expressions of Same Word Key Roots to Build New Vocabulary Synonyms/Antonyms to Expand Vocabulary Extensive Built In Vocabulary Review Lessons Morphology: Prefixes/Suffixes to Make New Words

Vocabulary Activity Examples







Making New Words!

Here's a sentence from today's chapter:

He realizes he left his sweater behind, and he still has the book and pencil that he took from the old library in his hand.

The base word for "realizes" is "realize". Here are some words that we can make from the base word "realize":

realize

realized

unrealized

When he enters the building, he knows for sure the old Victorian no longer houses the town library. In fact, the old Victorian looks rather new and is, certainly, someone's private residence.

Again, Frank is oddly not concerned and remains unusually calm; he is almost euphoric. He has a sense he's having a magical experience and that everything will be fine. He just needs to follow the sign's instructions, he reasons: "Explore the town, your adventure awaits..." So that is what he'll do....explore the town.

Vocab Assessment and Review

Contemplate (verb) – To **se**riously think about **some**thing for a while.

<u>I</u> was **con**tem**pla**ting **leav**ing my friends **be**hind and **start**ing a new life.







Vocabulary Post-Test

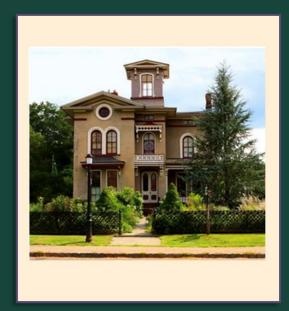
- What does bewildered mean?
 alert
 puzzled
 clear
- What does altogether mean? hardly overall few
- 3. What does **dis**may mean? calm **dis**cour**age**ment **plea**sure
- 4.What does unsettling mean?
 delightful
 distressing
 good

Comprehension

Activating and Building Background Knowledge Summary Review of Prior Chapter Building Anticipation: Getting Ready to Read Teaching Comprehension Strategies Checking for Understanding: Multiple Choice Written Response to Chapter: Discussion Question Connecting the Story to Your Life: Discussion Prompts



Activate & Build Background Knowledge



Many large houses were built along the Atlantic Ocean by wealthy sea captains in the 18th century. Many of these homes had lookout structures built on top of their roofs. These structures were often called widow's watches. Stories were often told of a captain's wife pacing back and forth inside the widow's watch as she looked out to sea anxiously waiting for her husband's ship to return home. Sadly, many sea captains and sailors became lost at sea never to return to their families. Have you ever anxiously waited for someone to return home? It's an awful feeling!



Support Memory with Chapter Review & Getting Ready to Read

In the last chapter, we learned

- · The <u>o</u>ld pick-up truck takes Frank to the **ru**ral **re**gion of town and stalls out near the one-room **school**house. So Frank **de**cides to hang out and wait for school to be **dis**missed, **hop**ing one of the kids will see him.
- · When the kids are let out of school, $n\underline{o}$ one can see Frank; but $h\underline{e}$ happens to $h\underline{e}$ ar a few of the boys talk about sneaking up on the $h\underline{o}$ bo in the woods.
- · Frank **follows** the boys and falls in the mud while **do**ing so.
- · When Frank **catch**es up to the boys, h<u>e sees</u> them **throw**ing **peb**bles at a make-shift tent. Then, a tall, thin, **filth**y **beard**ed man **sud**denly jumps out and scares them off!
- However, Frank just stands there and stares at the
 hobo; and sure enough, the hobo stares back at him!

Stories almost always have interesting characters. The author in this story gives you many clues about the main character, Franklin Noah Peterson. As you read this first chapter, think carefully about how the author describes Frank.

Also, in this first **chapter**, the **author de**scribes **several important** clues **about** the **setting** of the **story** – where the **story** takes place. The **author de**scribes the sights, sounds, **ob**jects, pets, and **family mem**bers.

So, as you read this first **chap**ter, pay close **at**tention to the **char**acters and the **set**ting of this **sto**ry. This is what good **read**ing **de**tectives do to **un**derstand what they are **read**ing.

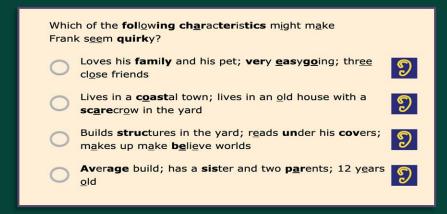


Multiple Choice Questions with Audio Feedback

Check for Understanding

- Literal
- Inferential
- Vocabulary
- Text Structure
- Author's Purpose

All Questions and Answer Stems are Read Aloud



Frank lives with his parents and nine-yearold sister, Izzy, in a large two-story home built in the mid-1800s... The house is very big and airy and even has an old widow's watch perched at the top. Although the home is very old and was once very dilapidated, Frank's parents, Emily and Noah, lovingly restored it, such that it is very comfortable and cozy.

What does dilapidated mean in this passage? 5

- Modern, fancy
- Rundown, in disrepair
- Textured shapes, color profile
- Historic, old



Supplemental Connecting to Your Life: Discussion Prompts

Literature is a great way to explore social, emotional and life skills themes Each lesson has a series of prompts crafted to themes such as:

- Personal Strengths
- Adolescence & Identity
- Positive & Negative Risk Taking
- Desire for Recognition
- New Experiences
- Belonging
- Handling Loss

Comprehension Expansion

60 Building Background Knowledge Lessons
58 Chapter Review Summaries

Over 360 Comprehension Questions Across 60 Lessons
60 Written Responses to Key Questions
60 Connecting the Story to Your Life Lessons with over
300 Discussion Prompts

Vocabulary Supports: 117 New Words; 195 Synonyms

Exploratory Study



Participants and Setting:

- 7 Middle school students with dyslexia in a 2-week study during summer of 2021.
- Students completed only the first book of the series (21 lessons)

Findings:

- 100% of students:
 - Had fewer miscues when reading in Noah Text®
 - Positively rated their experience
- 87.5% of students:
 - Improved vocab knowledge and reading fluency
 - Improved or maintained reading comprehension
 - Read more words in Noah Text® than in regular text

Study & Findings Behavior & Reading Outcomes



Day treatment program located in a center-based school

- 2 Classrooms Elementary and Middle School
- 2 Teachers and 4 Paraprofessionals
- All Elementary and Middle School students participated in the intervention (n=8)

Comparative Case Study

- Emphasized 3 students' reading, behavior, and interactions in different literacy settings
- Privileged the lived experience of students and teachers in a real-world setting
- Multiple data sources and multiple perspectives



15-week Intervention

NCNT 3-days a week

45 supplemental CAI reading lessons (30-minutes)

BAU 2-days a week

- Teacher Read Aloud
- Comprehension Worksheets
- Structured Writing Activity

Data Collection

Word Reading

Efficiency

Pre/Post Intervention

Experience with Reading

Pre/Post Intervention

Sight Word Fluency

Phonemic Decoding

Vocabulary

Assessment

NCNT Vocabulary

Pre/Post Each Book

NCNT Social Validity

Post Intervention

Social Validity

Survey



Dibels-8 Oral Reading

Fluency - Mean Score

Personal Experience

Semi-Structured

Post Intervention

Interviews

of grades 3, 5, 7

Assessment

Fluency

Comprehension

Dibels-8 MAZE

Assessment

Pre/Post Intervention Pre/Post Intervention

Comprehension - Mean

Literacy Activity Setting

Field Observation &

During Intervention

Analytic Memos

Score of grades 3, 5, 7

Quantitative Measures

TOWRE-2

Qualitative Measures

Construct Beliefs about Reading

Survey

Reading

Construct

Measure

Measure

Data Collection cont.

- Observations & Analytic Memos
 - 2 observations weekly (2 hours each)
 - 15 weeks
 - total of 60 hours of observations



Constant Comparative Method

- 1) Examine all data sources to broadly identify patterns and record general impressions
- 2) Examine data on micro level to code
- 3) Organize emerging patterns into clusters and triangulate

Meet Carter*



- White male 5th Grader
- SE Eligibility: Other Health Impairment (Initially speech/language)
- Comorbidity: ASD Diagnosis, Anxiety Disorder, and ADHD
- Attended Day Treatment Program since Fall 5th Grade
 - Triggered by noises and other students
 - Behaviors Include: Screaming, eloping, assault, and property destruction

Reading	TOWRE-2	TOWRE-2	Dibels	Dibels
Measure	sight word	nonword	ORF	MAZE
Pre	8 th	<1	109	13
	percentile	percentile		

^{*} All names in this presentation are pseudonyms



First 10 observations (5-NCNT; 5-BAU)

Requested and used self regulation strategies 3 times during NCNT

Strategy	Excerpt from field observation notes
Noise canceling headphones	C. requests noise canceling headphones from paraprofessional. According to staff he will get upset/triggered by loud students, but rarely will wear headphones and does not <i>ever</i> request them.
Non-contingent break	Another student was pacing the room and throwing objects. C. goes into the classroom's bathroom – used as a quiet/private space students can use when they need a break.
Calming visual	Just after transitioning from a crisis situation, C. was able to request and use his CAT strategy. This is a personalized visual of his cats which he can sit and focus on rather than perseverating on the crisis.

Carter's Reading Outcomes



Reading	TOWRE-2	TOWRE-2	Dibels ORF	Dibels
Measure	sight word	nonword		MAZE
Pre	8 th	<1	109	13
	percentile	percentile		
Post	3 rd	<1	119	22
	percentile	percentile		

Comprehension – Intensive Support Needs → Core Support Needs

Meet Garrett



- White male 7th grader
- SE Eligibility: Emotional and Behavioral Disorder
- Comorbidity: Anxiety Disorder
- Attended Day Treatment Program since Fall 5th Grade
 - Triggered by difficult academic tasks and peers
 - Behaviors Include: Screaming, eloping, assault, and property destruction

Reading	TOWRE-2	TOWRE-2	Dibels ORF	Dibels MAZE
Measure	sight word	nonword		
Pre	19 th	<1 percentile	73	16
	percentile			

Garrett's Behavior During Teacher-Led



Reading intervention was interrupted several times with continuous students' crosstalk and arguing. Garrett volunteers to answer, but another student answers before he gets a chance.

Garrett, "I'm not answering anymore."

Teacher, "Come on, I know you know the answer."

Garrett, "I do, but I'm not doing anything with him in here!" pointing at the boy who had answered. He then put his head down for the remainder of the lesson.

Garrett's Behavior During NCNT



After lesson 6 - Garrett stopped the researcher in the hall to share his recent NCNT lesson scores (67, 74, & 81). He couldn't stop smiling and was excited they were getting better every time. He shared that his goal was to get to 90% before the end of the first book.

Teacher, "He just loves this reading program."

Researcher, "Is that unusual?"

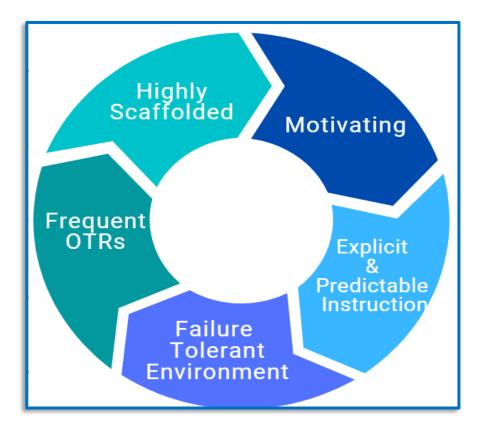
Teacher, "Yes! Reading is his nemesis. He usually tries to get out of it."

Researcher, "What do you think he likes about it?"

Teacher, "I think he likes the predictability and knowing when he gets the answer right."



- Private Learning Environment
- Experience Success
- No Competition
- Builds Independence



Garrett's Reading Outcomes



Reading	TOWRE-2	TOWRE-2	Dibels ORF	Dibels
Measure	sight word	nonword		MAZE
Pre	19 th	<1	73	16
	percentile	percentile		
Post	21 st	<1	112	15
	percentile	percentile		

Still needs intensive support in all areas of reading

ORF - Read 50% More Words

Meet Evan



- White male 6th Grader
- SE Eligibility: Other Health Impairment
- Comorbidity: Anxiety Disorder and ADHD
- Attended Day Treatment Program since Spring 5th Grade
 - Triggered by non-preferred activities and peers
 - Behaviors Include: Refusal, eloping, assault, and property destruction

Reading Measures	TOWRE-2 sight word	TOWRE-2 nonword	Dibels ORF	Dibels MAZE
Pre	65 th percentile	<1 percentile	111	18

Evan's Reading Outcomes



Reading	TOWRE-2	TOWRE-2	Dibels ORF	Dibels
Measures	sight word	nonword		MAZE
Pre	65 th	<1	111	18
	percentile	percentile		
Post	58 th	<1	210	29
	percentile	percentile		

ORF – Intensive Support Needs → Core Support Needs

Comprehension – Strategic Support Needs → Core Support Needs

Evan's Behavior



Biggest reading gains with the lowest effort and quality

- Fewest lessons completed
- Shortest average lesson duration
- Lowest average lesson scores

Attentional Issues or Something Else?

- After every academic task Evan's free choice was to socialize with the male paraprofessional
- Evan's motivated by social interaction, so how do we adapt his literacy setting?



How can teachers manipulate literacy settings to meet individual attention, motivation, social, communication, sensory, behavior, and learning needs?

- CAI may provide a neutral learning environment that allows students to focus their energy on academic tasks independently and privately rather than succumbing to the distractions and emotional pressure of dialogic learning
- As teachers of students with EBD select reading interventions, the affordances of different literacy settings (e.g. computer-mediated or teacher-mediated) is an additional layer to consider

Questions?

Elizabeth A. Hicks

